

**Wadden Sea Board**

**WSB 13**

**28 -29 January 2015**

**Wilhelmshaven**

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**Agenda Item:** 6

**Subject:** Progress Report Task Group World Heritage

**Document No.** WSB 13/6/3

**Date:** 18 December 2014

**Submitted by:** Chair TG-WH

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Attached is a progress report of the Task Group World Heritage (TG-WH). The meeting is referred to the report.

**Proposal: The meeting is referred to the proposal in the progress report.**

**PROGRESS REPORT TASK GROUP WORLD HERITAGE**

The Task Group World Heritage (TG-WH) had met twice (5.9. and 4.12.2014) since the last Wadden Sea Board meeting in May and discussed a number of issues related to the Tønder Declaration, the decision of the 38th Session of the World Heritage Committee and the World Heritage Programme in 2014 and 2015.

1. **World Heritage Extension 2014**

The World Heritage Committee during its 38th session in Doha, Qatar, 15-25 June 2014, discussed and decided on 36 nominations to the World Heritage List including the Wadden Sea Extension Nomination with the Danish part of the Wadden Sea and offshore areas in Lower Saxony.

On behalf of the States Parties, Germany briefly brought forward the points of the initial statement agreed between the parties including the postponement of the delivery of the date of the state of conservation report to 1 December 2016. With this amendment the Committee adopted the draft decision approving of the extension of the Wadden Sea Denmark, Germany and the Netherlands on the World Heritage List under criteria (viii), (ix) and (x). The secretary progressed with the making the official acceptance speech on behalf of the State Parties.

The decision 38 COM 8B.13 is attached in Annex 1. The process in the Committee can be seen in the videolink at <http://www.waddensea-worldheritage.org/news/2014-06-23-danish-wadden-sea-now-world-heritage-list>.

Additionally, the World Heritage Committee commends the state parties for their joint effort extending the property (in conformity with the 2009 request).

The four additional decisions no. 5-8 concerns the following:

Re. 5 Request to Denmark to develop with the Germany and the Netherlands and implementation plan to enhance the conservation and management of the attributes of OUV within the Danish National Park.

Re. 6 Request the development of a single integrated management plan for the property in conformity with para. 111 of the Operational Guidelines.

Re. 7 Recommends to extending further the monitoring of impacts of fisheries within the property.

Re. 8 Request the delivery of a state of conservation report by 1 December 2016 including a progress report on the elaboration of the management plan and the institutional and

* 1. **Overall implications**

Overall, the decision of the World Heritage Committee reconfirms its decision in 2009 notably now valid for the whole (Dutch-German-Danish) Wadden Sea World Heritage. The Statement of Outstanding Universal Value for the property in the 2009 decision has been amended to now being valid for the (extended) property.

The Statement of Outstanding Value shall be the basis for the future protection and management of the property according to para. 155 of the Operational Guidelines. The current Statement of Outstanding Universal Value includes two notable amendments compared to the 2009 Statement:

* The key threats which require ongoing attention are more extensively mentioned;
* The Trilateral Wadden Sea Cooperation is stipulated as the overall framework and structure for integrated conservation and management of the property as a whole and coordination between the three State Parties; and comprehensive protection measures are in place within each State.

The Trilateral Wadden Sea Cooperation becomes the coordinating body for the Wadden Sea World Heritage accountable for the commons implementation of the Statement of Outstanding Universal Value. Consequently all matters related to the property must be discussed and agreed by and within the Trilateral Wadden Sea Cooperation.

**1.2 Requests and follow-up**

As indicated above, the Statement of Outstanding Universal Value is followed by a number of requests to the State Parties. In the following the requests are explained and the implications outlined

*5. Requests the State Party of Denmark, in cooperation with the State Parties of the Netherlands and Germany, to prepare an implementation plan to enhance the conservation and management of the attributes of Outstanding Universal Value within the Danish National Park. This could be supported by the development and adoption of a binding agreement between the Danish Nature Agency and the National Park Board;*

The IUCN and the World Heritage Committee considers the Wadden Sea Nature and Wildlife Reserve the basis for the protection of the Danish part of the Wadden Sea. The National Park is established by order by the Minister of Environment but does not have statutory authority. Furthermore, the area of the national park exceeds the boundaries of the property. Also themes that are not relevant to the integrity of the property such as cultural heritage and history are dealt with. The Committee is concerned that National Park is committed to the implementation of the Statement of Outstanding Universal Value and therefore requests an implementation plan accordingly in conformity with para. 88 of the Operational Guidelines stating that “[I]ntegrity is a measure of the wholeness and intactness of the natural …. heritage and its attributes”.

Implications

The elaboration of an implementation plan by the State Parties which guarantees that the Danish National Park in its actions and communication operates in accordance with the Statement of Outstanding Universal Value. The implementation plan should be approved by the competent Danish authority on behalf of the State Parties.

The TG-WH decided that Denmark should deliver further information in addition to the Supplementary Information (February 2014) regarding the role and responsibility of the Danish National Park and its Board in management of OUV attributes in relation to the Danish Nature Agency as competent authority for the management.

*6. Also requests the State Parties of Denmark, Germany and the Netherlands to develop a single integrated management plan for the entire transboundary property in conformity with the requirements of Paragraph 111 of the* Operational Guidelines, *and to consider the options to strengthen the effectiveness of implementation of coordinated management within the property;*

It seems apparent that the IUCN and the World Heritage Committee is concerned that the management of the property with the accession of a third party will remain coherent across the property and more operational than the current Wadden Sea Plan. The IUCN in its evaluation indicates that “… a cohesive plan for sustainable resource use in the entire property, with clear indicators to ensure that ecological integrity is not being compromised, is required” (page 48f).

Whether the supplementary information on the grazing regimes and the impacts from offshore installations has had a further impact on this request is unclear but it would worthwhile to discuss this with the IUCN and how to proceed as has been agreed in advance of the Doha Committee meeting. Possibly also the various plans elaborated such as tourism plan, CPSL approach and Seal Management Plan and the need to integrate them into one integrated plan has played a role. The Committee however requires the elaboration of a management plan under the more coordinated policy plan of the Wadden Sea Plan including a more operational approach to strengthen the effectiveness of management. The latter has also been addressed in the Tønder Declaration already. It should be the ambition to adopt the single integrated management plan including the coordinated management at the latest at the 2018 Conference

Implications

As a first step, the TG-WH decided to approach the IUCN (meeting planned in January 2015) to discuss the more specific implications of the request and in a following step elaborate a project implementation plan for the elaboration of the single integrated property management plan in accordance with para. 111 of the Operational Guidelines.

*7. Recommends the States Parties to extend further the monitoring of impacts of fisheries activities within the existing and extended property, and consider the opportunities to ensure protection of the property from any detrimental impacts;*

This is a recommendation rather than a request to underline that notwithstanding the monitoring already in place it would be advisable to extend this monitoring. This follows from the IUCN evaluation that assess fishery to an issues of concern (page 48f). As a first step an inventory should be made of the current monitoring scheme within the TMAP together with an assessment of the sufficiency of the scheme in relation to the requirements of the Statement of Outstanding Universal Value. And based on this, as appropriate, an extended monitoring scheme should be developed. Based on the monitoring results, as appropriate, measures should be designed to encounter detrimental effects.

Implications

Elaboration of a monitoring inventory and assessment of the extension needs in relation to Statement of Outstanding Universal Value in the process of the State of Conservation Report.

*8. Further requests the State Parties of Denmark, Germany and the Netherlands to submit, by* ***1 December 2016****, a joint report, including a 1-page executive summary, on the state of conservation of the property, including confirmation of progress on the development and adoption of the integrated management plan and the institutional and financial provisions that will be in place to ensure its effective implementation.*

The elaboration of state of conservation reports for the property including progress on the decision made by the Committee is a normal procedure followed. It is hence essential that the Quality Status Report agreed will be started and be able to deliver the necessary input to the report as well as start will be made with the implementation of the requests and the one recommendation. This will to a large extent define the work of the Cooperation in the next period.

Implications

A rapid start with the elaboration of the Quality Status Report to deliver information to the state of conservation report and rapid implementation steps of the requests and the recommendation as outlined above.

**Proposal: The Wadden Sea Board is proposed to discuss respectively endorse the approach by the TG-WH in implementing the requests of the World Heritage Committee.**

1. **World Heritage education network - International Wadden Sea School**

In accordance with the decisions at WSB 8 and the Tønder Declaration (§ TD 77), the WWF Germany has taken over the coordination and implementation of the World Heritage education network and the International Wadden Sea School (IWSS).

The contract between the CWSS and WWF was concluded in June 2014 and the work started in July 2014 and covered the support of info centres with IWSS products including reprint of existing products, the preparation of awareness material, IWSS outreach, conduction of the annual IWSS workshop preparing the concept for a trilaterally coordinated World Heritage education network as integral part of the World Heritage Strategy.

WWF Germany has been successful to seek additional external funding for the further development of the IWSS towards a World Heritage School in the framework of specific projects.

The three State Parties have agreed to fund the IWSS for a three[[1]](#footnote-1) year period of € 40,000 annually, per State Party € 16,667 annually, starting at 1.1. 2014 with a possibility to prolong the arrangement after an evaluation after 2016.

For 2015 and 2016, an equal amount of annually € 40,000 is proposed to be provided to by the parties.

**Proposal: The Wadden Sea Board is proposed to provide funding for the World Heritage education network for the time period 2015 - 2016.**

1. **World Heritage Programme 2015**

TG-WH also discussed the continuation of the Communication and Marketing Programme in 2015 to bridge the period until the new Strategy would be implemented. The new programme should not be limited to communication and marketing but should entail all tasks which have to be fulfilled resulting from the World Heritage Status.

The TG-WH 15 underlined that a joint World Heritage campaign is of a strategic importance to engage stakeholders in the TWSC and protection of the OUV. Therefore, a long-term concept for a campaign will be developed which can be applied over several years (2015 -2018), ensure the buy-in of local stakeholders (bottom-up), and creates a consistent narrative / brand message across the entire WH site. A call for tender for the development of a WH concept is in preparation with the aim to publish it in February 2015.

The programme for 2015 is attached as **Annex 2** for approval by the WSB.

**Proposal: The Wadden Sea Board is proposed to endorse the programme for 2015 and provide the necessary budget.**

**ANNEX 1**

**Decision: 38 COM 8B.13**

The World Heritage Committee,

1. Having examined Documents WHC-14/38.COM/8B and WHC-14/38.COM/INF.8B2,
2. Approves the extension proposed by **Denmark** and **Germany** of the **Wadden Sea, Germany, Netherlands**, on the World Heritage List under **criteria (viii), (ix)** and **(x);**
3. Adopts the following Statement of Outstanding Universal Value:

**Brief synthesis**

The Wadden Sea is the largest unbroken system of intertidal sand and mud flats in the world, with natural processes undisturbed throughout most of the area. The 1,143,403 ha World Heritage property encompasses a multitude of transitional zones between land, the sea and freshwater environment, and is rich in species specially adapted to the demanding environmental conditions. It is considered one of the most important areas for migratory birds in the world, and is connected to a network of other key sites for migratory birds. Its importance is not only in the context of the East Atlantic Flyway but also in the critical role it plays in the conservation of African-Eurasian migratory waterbirds. In the Wadden Sea up to 6.1 million birds can be present at the same time, and an average of 10-12 million pass through it each year.

**Criterion (viii):** The Wadden Sea is a depositional coastline of unparalleled scale and diversity. It is distinctive in being almost entirely a tidal flat and barrier system with only minor river influences, and an outstanding example of the large-scale development of an intricate and complex temperate-climate sandy barrier coast under conditions of rising sea-level. Highly dynamic natural processes are uninterrupted across the vast majority of the property, creating a variety of different barrier islands, channels, flats, gullies, saltmarshes and other coastal and sedimentary features.

**Criterion (ix):** The Wadden Sea includes some of the last remaining natural large-scale intertidal ecosystems where natural processes continue to function largely undisturbed. Its geological and geomorphologic features are closely entwined with biophysical processes and provide an invaluable record of the ongoing dynamic adaptation of coastal environments to global change. There are a multitude of transitional zones between land, sea and freshwater that are the basis for the species richness of the property. The productivity of biomass in the Wadden Sea is one of the highest in the world, most significantly demonstrated in the numbers of fish, shellfish and birds supported by the property. The property is a key site for migratory birds and its ecosystems sustain wildlife populations well beyond its borders.

**Criterion (x):** Coastal wetlands are not always the richest sites in relation to faunal diversity; however this is not the case for the Wadden Sea. The salt marshes host around 2,300 species of flora and fauna, and the marine and brackish areas a further 2,700 species, and 30 species of breeding birds. The clearest indicator of the importance of the property is the support it provides to migratory birds as a staging, moulting and wintering area. Up to 6.1 million birds can be present at the same time, and an average of 10-12 million each year pass through the property. The availability of food and a low level of disturbance are essential factors that contribute to the key role of the property in supporting the survival of migratory species. The property is the essential stopover that enables the functioning of the East Atlantic and African-Eurasian migratory flyways. Biodiversity on a worldwide scale is reliant on the Wadden Sea.

**Integrity**

The boundaries of the extended property include all of the habitat types, features and processes that exemplify a natural and dynamic Wadden Sea, extending from the Netherlands to Germany to Denmark. This area includes all of the Wadden Sea ecosystems, and is of sufficient size to maintain critical ecological processes and to protect key features and values.

The property is subject to a comprehensive protection, management and monitoring regime which is supported by adequate human and financial resources. Human use and influences are well regulated with clear and agreed targets. Activities that are incompatible with its conservation have either been banned, or are heavily regulated and monitored to ensure they do not impact adversely on the property. As the property is surrounded by a significant population and contains human uses, the continued priority for the protection and conservation of the Wadden Sea is an important feature of the planning and regulation of use, including within land/water-use plans, the provision and regulation of coastal defences, maritime traffic and drainage. Key threats requiring ongoing attention include fisheries activities, developing and maintaining harbours, industrial facilities surrounding the property including oil and gas rigs and wind farms, maritime traffic, residential and tourism development and impacts from climate change.

**Protection and management requirements**

Maintaining the hydrological and ecological processes of the contiguous tidal flat system of the Wadden Sea is an overarching requirement for the protection and integrity of this property. Therefore conservation of marine, coastal and freshwater ecosystems through the effective management of protected areas, including marine no-take zones, is essential. The effective management of the property also needs to ensure an ecosystem approach that integrates the management of the existing protected areas with other key activities occurring in the property, including fisheries, shipping and tourism.

The Trilateral Wadden Sea Cooperation provides the overall framework and structure for integrated conservation and management of the property as a whole and coordination between all three States Parties. Comprehensive protection measures are in place within each State. Specific expectations for the long-term conservation and management of this property include maintaining and enhancing the level of financial and human resources required for the effective management of the property. Research, monitoring and assessment of the protected areas that make up the property also require adequate resources to be provided. Maintenance of consultation and participatory approaches in planning and management of the property is needed to reinforce the support and commitment from local communities and NGOs to the conservation and management of the property. The State Parties should also maintain their commitment of not allowing oil and gas exploration and exploitation within the boundaries of the property. Any development projects, such as planned wind farms in the North Sea, should be subject of rigorous Environmental Impacts Assessments to avoid any impacts to the values and integrity of the property.

1. Commends the State Parties of Germany, Netherlands and Denmark for their joint efforts in extending this property;
2. Requests the State Party of Denmark, in cooperation with the State Parties of the Netherlands and Germany, to prepare an implementation plan to enhance the conservation and management of the attributes of Outstanding Universal Value within the Danish National Park. This could be supported by the development and adoption of a binding agreement between the Danish Nature Agency and the National Park Board;
3. Also requests the State Parties of Denmark, Germany and the Netherlands to develop a single integrated management plan for the entire transboundary property in conformity with the requirements of Paragraph 111 of the *Operational Guidelines*, and to consider the options to strengthen the effectiveness of implementation of coordinated management within the property;
4. Recommends the States Parties to extend further the monitoring of impacts of fisheries activities within the existing and extended property, and consider the opportunities to ensure protection of the property from any detrimental impacts;
5. Further requests the State Parties of Denmark, Germany and the Netherlands to submit, by **1 December 2016**, a joint report, including a 1-page executive summary, on the state of conservation of the property, including confirmation of progress on the development and adoption of the integrated management plan and the institutional and financial provisions that will be in place to ensure its effective implementation.

ANNEX 3

**Communication and Marketing Program**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **1** | **Information and Awareness** | **What** | **Work 2015** | **Project / event costs**  **2015 CWSS** | **Remarks** |
| 1.1 | Further development and maintenance of the website as a central information hub for stakeholders and visitors, and media. | Regular maintenance and update of website, annual campaigns on website, translations, integration of social media, integration of IWSS material. | Extension of website (En, D, NL) with Denmark and transfer of contents to the new website (ongoing).  Further extension with videos/ animation explaining OUV. Integration of statements, photos and videos of testimonials, virtual WH guide, B2B elements and newsletter. Support of Campaign 2015.  Further planned a closed link respectively integration of the results of PROWAD (sustainable tourism, experience WH), and the Flyway Initiative (communication of activities and results).  Actualization, maintenance, and translation into English, German, Dutch and Danish.  Integration of education in website according WSB / TGC decision (TD §76-77). | **30.000** | A new WH website (new concept and design, four languages, extended experience section), is currently being implemented. Due to lacking staff at the secretariat, the work is delayed with 6 months. The website with basic functions is planned to go online by end of 2014.  The WH facebook page has terminated in 2013. Social media elements cannot be developed or maintained on a regular basis-  Active involvement of partners (contribution to website e.g. through a microsite) is whished but will require additional resources.  A WH newsletter / or B2B newsletter will also need additional resources. |
| 1.2 | Development of information and awareness material | Print material, flyer (updates in 2011 and 2012), poster, photo, video and film material. | Active promotion of existing materials, update of existing and production of new material (see Appendix for updates 2014)   * official WH video * official WH brochure | **10.000** | Important to develop and disseminate new and high quality information and awareness material including video and images to support and enhance image for partners and wider public; financing on ad hoc basis by public partners. |
| 1.3 | Development Corporate Design Manual, branding of the property. Communication Strategy. | Guidelines and criteria for communication and logo use, CD Manual, including administration. (to be further specified) | Administration of Logo Use.  Development of a CD Manual to integrate World Heritage into Trilateral Cooperation (publication and communication TWSC)  Communication of Brand Paper to stakeholders (translation, presentations, brand video). | **10.000** | Effort of brand administration and communication is high. Only limited possibilities at CWSS.  Development of a **basic** CD manual and brand paper including logo use and branding of the property are essential elements for joint communication and for cooperation with stakeholders. |
| 1.4 | Organization and implementation of an annual joint campaign to enhance the awareness of the site and improve stakeholder cooperation | One joint campaign or event (to create nationwide / international interest), in cooperation with tourism organizations (Outcome to be evaluated annually). | No campaign was carried out in 2012/2013/2014 due to lack of resources and support by partners.  A draft for a WH campaign concept 2015 and following years is attached as Annex. |  | Joint campaign to promote the OUV, enhance responsibility and advance cooperation and commitment between public and private partners; pending financing by partners and tourism marketing organizations. |
| 1.5 | Logo Trademark Registration | International Trademark Registration of Wadden Sea WH Logo | **Finalized.** Registered trademark from 1.1.2012  Registration of Danish Trademark to be done after June 2014. |  | Trademark registration a one off activity in the period and are already covered.  DK version to be registered in 2015 |
|  | **Sub-Total** |  |  | **50.000** |  |
| **2** | **Environmental Education** | **What** | **Work 2015** | **Project / event costs**  **2015 CWSS** | **Remarks** |
| 2.1 | Development of an international education programme for the World Heritage building on the IWSS activities | Development and implementation of a WH education concept. Development of educational offers for all partners. | Development Framework Programme for WH Education (Tønder Declaration (TD §76-77). |  | 2.1 – 2.4 Cooperation with WWF to develop and coordinate the network and prepare educational outreach for World Heritage communication and education  WSB agreed on 3-year project (2014 -2016). Resources for 2014 (40,000 for 12 month) have been provided by the states. |
| 2.2 | Establishing and continuing the cooperation between information and educational centres. | Extending the network to all information centres. Annual workshops | Re-launch IWSS website integrated into WH (incl. education newsletter for centres, teachers’ lounge), providing competencies and material on WH |  |
| 2.3 | Qualification Program | Training and information events for multipliers in conjunction with the overall WH education concept. One training course per year. Involvement of national partners. | Annual Workshop Network of Info Centres. |  |
| 2.4 | World Heritage material for centres | Developing and providing World Heritage material for incorporation in the exhibition and other activities of the centres (excursions, information programs, and other offers) | Development and production of WH education material (existing and new) (migratory bird poster, Wadden Sea Poster, puzzle, WH banner for info centers, promotion WH school material) |  |
|  | **Sub-Total** |  |  | **40.000** | WWF will provide additional 40,000 Euro for 12 month on project basis. |
| **3** | **Tourism and Recreation** | **What** | **Work 2015** | **Project / event costs**  **2015 CWSS** |  |
| 3.1 | Development of specific tourism information material and campaigns | Annual campaigns with specific target groups and contents (see above,1.4). International attention via D and NL international tourist offices. DZT cooperation via Welterbestättenverein. | Development of WH info kit for stakeholders, PROWAD tourism newsletter, WH material by PROWAD.  Cooperation with national association in NL, D and DK. |  | PROWAD project (until June 2015) |
| 3.2 | Marketing activities and market research | In conjunction with STS (see 3.5). Regular market research to assess impact of WH designation. | Assessment of pilot visitor survey and possible extension to NL and DK. Optimize existing and development of future tourism products, analyse customer satisfaction, and to adapt marketing and communication activities for specific target audiences. The study also showed the socio-economic value of sustainable nature tourism. |  | PROWAD project and STS action plan. |
| 3.3 | Improvement infrastructure | Concept for WH information tables and sign post to be elaborated (including road signs). Incorporation of WH in existing infrastructure. | Production of additional WH columns and motorway signs to be financed by the countries (including maintenance and updates). |  | Use of existing material (sign boards, columns) to be financed by the countries. See also STS action plan. |
| 3.4 | Qualification | Development of qualification programs of people in the region working in tourism including awareness rising about the opportunities through the WHS for tourism and on the responsibilities and expected support of tourism and nature conservation to safeguarding the common heritage. | Qualification to be integrated in PROWAD STS Action Plan.  Info material for entrepreneurs in preparation.  Establish cooperation with applied universities (Esbjerg, Heide, Wilhelmshaven, Groningen, Leeuwarden) to pool resources. |  | Partly financed by PROWAD.  Additional project budget necessary, to implemented within the STS action plan.. |
| 3.5 | Sustainable tourism strategy (STS) and Action Plan | Preparation and implementation of the project including an action plan from 2013 with specific WH offers. | STS approved at TGC 2014. Action Plan in preparation by partners (after regional consultations) to be implemented in 2015 and following. |  | PROWAD project (until June 2015) |
|  | **Sub-Total** |  |  |  |  |
| **4** | **Reporting and International Cooperation** | **What** | **Work 2015** | **Project / event costs**  **2015 CWSS** |  |
| 4.1 | Support and enhance international cooperation on the level of the flyways, the organization of international workshops. | Development framework of cooperation for management & research.  Capacity building concept on basis of WOW Flyway Training Kit.  Integrated Monitoring Framework for the East Atlantic Flyway.  Strategy and guidelines for waterbird monitoring in West Africa | Communication of WSFI, vision and activities. Presentations at national and international events and other communication opportunities.  A work planning for 2015 is in preparation by the WSFI Steering Group. (see report TG-M). |  | Activity has priority as it results from decision of the World Heritage Committee; Wadden Sea World Heritage has a key position for world migratory bird species and a commitment to actively support conservation of migratory species and share knowledge and experiences. |
| 4.2 | Presentation Wadden Sea in UNESCO WH context. Cooperation with other WH properties | Participation in Marine Programme of the WH centre. Integration of best practice experiences in conservation and management from other sites including tourism strategy. | Support of WHC programs and activities.   1. UNESCO WH Marine Programme:   Exchange of expertise, communication of Wadden Sea as model for OUV branding.  Strengthening cooperation with eight European Marine WH sites (workshop summer 2015, preparation of a joint project application).   1. UNESCO WH Sustainable Tourism Programme   Exchange of expertise, communication of Wadden Sea as model for OUV branding.   1. WH Committee meeting in Bonn in July 2015:  * Participation at MoU presentation by WH Centre * Communication/presentation of Wadden Sea (to be confirmed).   An Action Plan for the MoU Banc d’Arguin is in preparation (see report TG-M). | 30,000 | Participation in activities of the World Heritage Centre activities, commitment resulting from the inscription on the List. |
| 4.3 | Reporting to the World Heritage Centre | Periodic reporting 2nd cycle (started 2012). Request from WHC | Periodic Reporting.  Responses to WH Centre on state of conservation requests |  | Reporting Wadden Sea World Heritage part of ongoing efforts. |
| 4.4 | Coordination of national / regional WH activities | Participation of the CWSS communication officer in regional / national WH working groups. | Participation of CWSS in regional WH groups in the Netherlands, Germany and Denmark. |  | Overall coordination at CWSS, staff to participate in regional activities to the extent necessary, part of ongoing tasks. |
|  | **Sub-total** |  |  | **30,000** |  |
|  | **TOTAL** |  |  | **120,000** |  |

1. DK considered that it was discussed that the relocation was a temporary arrangement until a more permanent solution was found. Therefore a three years period might not be needed and do not agree to a three year period. [↑](#footnote-ref-1)